

Fall 2023 Plant Sale Availability

Perennials (all quart size) Sale Price: \$7.99!

Giant Yellow Hyssop

Agastache nepetoides



Light Needs: Full Sun/Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium
Bloom Season: Summer
Bloom Color: Yellow/Green

Deer Resistant

A great mid-summer blooming perennial with tall spikes creamy yellow blooms of special importance to native bees and butterflies. It can reach 6 feet tall, though judicious early season trimming keeps it shorter. The plant grows in medium soils in full sun to part shade. Great plant for upright habit and texture in your garden.

Eastern Bluestar

Amsonia tabernaemontana



Light Needs: Full
Water Needs: Moist
Bloom Season: Spring
Bloom Color: Blue/Purple

A spring blooming plant that grows in sun to light shade, prefers moist soil in sun, 2-3 foot upright perennial with light blue star-shaped flowers in May. Conflicting sources on where it is native, generally wet to moist sandy soils along the coast. It is spreading from garden plantings and can be vigorous in the garden. It does feed early pollinators such as the mourning cloak.

Red Columbine

Aquilegia canadensis



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun/Shade
Water Needs: Dry/Medium
Bloom Time: Spring
Bloom Color: Red

Deer Resistant

Showy red and yellow flowers that bloom about the time the hummingbirds arrive. It grows to 2' tall, in sun to shade, in dry to moist soils. It grows well in limestone and rocky soils. Foliage is a delicate blue-green. This plant will seed around the garden where there are openings.

Swamp Milkweed

Asclepias incarnata



Sun Needs: Full to Part Sun
Water Needs: Moist to Wet
Bloom Time: Summer
Bloom Color: Pink

Deer Resistant

Swamp milkweed goes in moist to wet meadows, however it grows well in typical garden soil. It produces a large display of light pink flowers in summer. It grows 2-4' tall and does not spread like common milkweed. It attracts numerous pollinators and feeds monarch caterpillars, which love this plant and can strip it of leaves. Recommend planting several to feed the monarchs.

Common Milkweed

Asclepias syriaca



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Dry/Medium
Bloom Season: Summer
Bloom Color: Pink

Deer Resistant and Vigorous

Common milkweed has a wonderful sweet smell that will be a delight near your patio if you have a way to keep it contained; it can be grown in pots. It spreads through runners and is fabulous in your meadows. It can grow to over 5', producing pendulous clusters of pink & white flowers during the summer. Its large leaves provide food for monarch caterpillars. It grows in most soils and prefers full sun.

Butterfly Weed

Asclepias tuberosa



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Dry/Medium
Bloom Season: Summer
Bloom Color: Orange

Deer Resistant

Butterflyweed brings beautiful orange flowers underscored by dark green foliage to the garden during the summer. It attracts numerous pollinators and provides food for monarch caterpillars. It thrives in well-drained dry or gravelly soils. It grows to 36" in sun to light shade. Again, plant more than one for the monarchs!

Whorled Milkweed

Asclepias verticillate



Sun Needs: Full Sun/Part
Shade
Water Needs: Dry
Bloom Season: Summer
Bloom Color: White/Green

Deer Resistant

This is a very delicate white flowered milkweed that feeds monarch caterpillars. The slender single stem with thin leaves around the stem is topped by a delicate head of white milkweed flowers. It stands between 12-36", preferring drier sites in full sun to partial shade.

Smooth Aster

Aster laevis



Light Needs: Full Sun
Water Needs: Dry to Medium
Bloom Season: Late
Summer/Fall
Bloom Color: Blue/Purple

A wonderful blue aster, 1-4' tall that blooms from late August through October. It prefers sun and average to dry soils. It has smooth bluish-green leaves. It is very important for late-season nectar and pollen for native and honey bees.

New England Aster
Aster novae-angliae



Sun Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium/Moist
Bloom Season: Summer/Fall
Bloom Color: Purple, Pink, or White

Deer Resistant and Vigorous

This large, showy purple-blue aster will draw many pollinators to your garden from late summer through the fall. The flower color can vary from lavender, rose-purple to white. It grows between 3-6', however, you can control its height by pinching the plant back in midseason. It grows in sun and part shade, preferring moist soils of varying textures. It can be vigorous, so plant with grasses and goldenrods for a wonderful fall floral show. It is the larval host for the earl crescent and checkerspot butterflies.

Blue False Indigo
Baptisia australis



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium
Bloom Season: Spring
Bloom Color: Purple/Blue

Deer Resistant

Blue false indigo becomes shrub-like during the growing season; it can reach a size of 3-5' tall by 3' wide. It produces large spikes, 10-12", of blue pea-like flowers in May and June, followed by inflated seed pods. It grows well in sun to part sun. It attracts native bees and other pollinators. It is also a nitrogen fixer and will add nitrogen to your garden soil.

Wild Yellow Indigo
Baptisia tinctoria



Light Needs: Full Sun/Part Sun
Water Needs: Dry to Medium
Bloom Season: Summer
Bloom Color: Yellow

Deer Resistant

This delightful plant grows like a small open shrub that grows in full sun in dry loams. It will make a wonderful addition to a garden with upright spikes of pea like flowers that occur from late May until late August. The flowers provide nectar and pollen for butterflies and bees. It is a larval host

Green and Gold
Chrysogonum virginianum



Light Needs: Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium to Moist
Bloom Season: Spring through Summer
Bloom Color: Yellow

Deer Resistant

Green & gold is a great ground cover for moist to dry part sun to sunny areas. It produces 1" yellow flowers about 12" tall in spring and often reblooms in the fall. It spreads by stolons and runners. The leaves are about 6" high and medium to dark green.

Blue Mistflower

Conoclinium coeslestinum



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium/Moist
Bloom Season: Summer
Bloom Color: Light Blue

Deer Resistant

Blue mistflower or wild blue ageratum is found growing naturally in wet meadows. It grows well in a sun or part shade garden. The plant prefers moist loam, clay, or sand. It grows 2-3' tall and will wander around the garden; however, it is easy to pull from where it is not wanted. The blue flowers are a magnet for bees and butterflies.

Rattlesnake Master

Eryngium yuccafolium



Light Needs: Full Sun
Water Needs: Moist
Bloom Season: Summer
Bloom Color: White/Green

Deer Resistant

This unique plant adds architectural texture to the garden with its head of round pinkish flowers, a nice offset to purple coneflower and blooms at the same time. It grows 3-6' tall in average garden soil in full sun. It blooms in July and August and its nectar draws a wide diversity of pollinators. It is important to native bees.

Little Joe-Pye Weed

Eupatorium dubium



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Moist/Wet
Bloom Season: Summer/Fall
Bloom Color: Pink/Purple

Deer Resistant

This compact cultivar grows to 3-4' and will grow in a variety of moist garden soils in full sun to part shade. It is a pollinator magnet with large pink flower heads from July - September.

Spotted Joe-Pye Weed

Eupatorium maculatum



Light Needs: Full Sun/Part
Water Needs: Moist to Wet
Bloom Season: Late
Summer/Fall
Bloom Color: Pink/Lavender

Deer Resistant

This fabulous plant grows to 4-6' tall by late summer at which time it is topped with large heads of pink purple flowers that keep your garden buzzing with pollinators. It prefers sun to part shade and will provide shade for early spring plants that require shade in the summer. It tolerates a wide range of soils and moisture conditions; does best with moist soils.

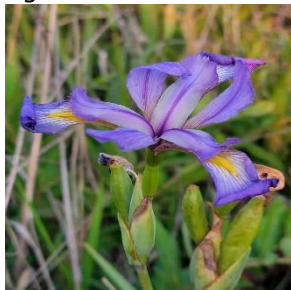
Big-leaved Aster
Eurybia macrophyllus



Light Needs: Full Sun/Shade
Water Needs: Dry to Moist
Bloom Season: Late Summer
to Early Fall
Bloom Color:
White/Purple/Blue

This is a wonderful early pale blue aster of the woodland edge that will brighten a part shade garden in July and August. It has large basal leaves that create a nice ground cover with pale blue blooms floating above. The plant stands 1-3' tall. It does tolerate full sun with moist conditions though prefers part shade with slightly drier conditions. It is a larval host to the pearl crescent.

Virginia Iris
Iris virginica



Light Needs: Full Sun/Part
Shade
Water Needs: Moist
Bloom Season: Spring
Bloom Color: Purple/ Blue

Deer Resistant

This is a gorgeous blue wetland iris that will grow well in a sunny, moist garden. It grows to 3' and has flat blue-green leaves typical of iris. It blooms in May.

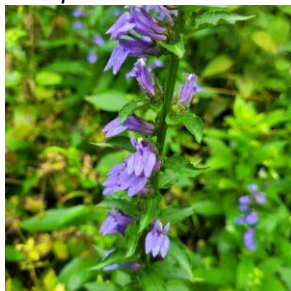
Cardinal Flower
Lobelia cardinalis



Sun Needs: Part Sun/Shade
Water Needs: Moist to Wet
Bloom Time: Summer
Bloom Color: Red

A brilliant red flower spike attracts hummingbirds & butterflies in mid to late summer. This short-lived perennial grows in a variety of sunlight and moisture conditions, though must be moist to wet soils to thrive. It readily reseeds in bare soil, so just cut the flower pike when the seed capsules are brown and lay down on bare soil for a new crop next year. It is not the first plant deer will eat.

Great Blue Lobelia
Lobelia siphilitica



Light Needs: Full Sun/Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium to
Moist
Bloom Season: Late Summer
to Fall
Bloom Color: Blue/Purple

Deer Resistant

This tall blue spiked lobelia also prefers moist soils and sun to partial shade. The bloom spike can reach 3 feet. It blooms from late summer through fall. Like cardinal flower cut the stem when the seed capsules are brown and lay down on bare soil for new plants the next year. It attracts butterflies and many other pollinators, including hummingbirds.

Wild Blue Phlox
Phlox divaricate



Light Needs: Part Sun/Shade
Water Needs: Medium/Moist
Bloom Season: Spring
Bloom Color: Blue

Deer Resistant

Wild blue phlox is a wonderful addition to your part shade to shade garden. Its blue purple flowers float about 8-18" above the ground in April or May. It prefers moist, rich soil. It will create a wonderful ground cover among ferns and other plants in your woodland garden.

Obedient Plant
Physostegia virginiana



Sun Needs: Full Sun
Water Needs: Medium
Bloom Season: Summer
Bloom Color: Pink or White

Deer Resistant

Obedient plant sends up a spike of tubular pinky-purple flowers in August and September that bees crawl into to get the nectar. It grows in average garden soils, preferring moist soils in full sun. It generally grows to 2-3' and can be vigorous. Plant it with Monardas or other vigorous plants to help keep it in balance.

Gray or Dwarf Goldenrod
Solidago nemoralis



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Dry
Bloom Season: Summer/Fall
Bloom Color: Yellow

Deer Resistant

Gray goldenrod is a 'well-behaved' goldenrod that will add spikes of gold to the garden from late June until fall. It grows to about 3' in sun to shade and prefers dry soils of any variety. Goldenrod does not cause hay fever or allergies- that is ragwort pollen that is inconspicuous and blooms at the same time. All goldenrods are important nectar and pollen sources for a wide variety of pollinators.

Rough-Leaved Goldenrod
Solidago rugosa



Light Needs: Full Sun/Part Sun
Water Needs: Moist/Wet
Bloom Season: Summer/Fall
Bloom Color: Yellow

Deer Resistant

This goldenrod provides a cascade of arching flower stems on 2-6' stems during late summer and fall. It is a great nectar and pollen source for butterflies, bees, wasps and may other pollinators. It grows well in average garden soils of medium moisture. Goldenrod does not cause allergies and should be included in all gardens to provide late summer/fall food for pollinators, especially migrating monarchs.

Rough-Leaved Goldenrod
Solidago rugosa 'Fireworks'



Light Needs: Full Sun/Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium/Moist
Bloom Season: Summer/Fall
Bloom Color: Yellow

Deer Resistant

A cultivar of the native rough goldenrod this plant has more consistently arching flower sprays. It grows to 3' by 2' and blooms late summer through fall. This plant is a little bit less rambunctious than the straight native and may be a better choice for a smaller garden.

New York Ironweed
Vernonia noveboracensis



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium/Moist
Bloom Season: Late Summer/Fall
Bloom Color: Purple

Deer Resistant

The tall deep purple blooms of New York ironweed will draw many pollinators to the garden in late summer and fall. This plant grows naturally in wet meadows, however, it does very well in the average garden with full sun to part shade. It is a tall plant, reaching 3-6', making it a wonderful plant for the back of the border.

Culver's Root
Veronicastrum virginium



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium/Moist
Bloom Season: Summer
Bloom Color: White

Deer Resistant

A tall spike of dense small white flowers will attract many pollinators during its mid to late summer blooming time. It prefers moist, rich soils and grows well in sun to part shade in most gardens. The candelabra shaped flower spikes add a wonderful upright element to any garden. The flower spikes can reach a height from 3-6'. The long dark leaves are in whorls around the stem.

Shrubs and Trees (varying sizes) Sale Price: 50% Off!

Red Maple

Acer rubrum



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium/Moist
Bloom Season: Spring
Bloom Color: N/A
Mature Height: 30-50'
Grow Rate: Moderate/Fast

Deer Resistant

This is one of the first blooming plants of the year and provides a haze of red in February and March and blazing red leaves in the fall. This medium to large tree can reach 60' and provides many different ecosystem services to pollinators, birds, wildlife and humans. It is a very adaptable tree to a wide variety of growing conditions. It is a larval host to many species. If you can't plant an oak, plant a red maple.

Sugar Maple

Acer saccharum



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun/Shade
Water Needs: Medium
Bloom Season: Spring
Bloom Color: N/A
Mature Size: 60-75'
Growth Rate: Slow/Moderate

Deer Resistant

Alleghany Serviceberry

Amelanchier laevis



Light Needs: Part Sun/Shade
Water Needs: Moist
Bloom Season: Spring
Bloom Color: White
Mature Size: 12-30'
Growth Rate: Moderate

Deer Resistant

A wonderful multi-trunked serviceberry that grows to 15-25' tall with a beautiful branching structure. A wonderful small tree for a garden that provides pollen and nectar for early pollinators and berries for humans if they can beat the birds. The foliage emerges a purplish green and turns red and scarlet in the fall. It tolerates a wide range of soils and moisture though does prefer slightly acid soils. It is susceptible to cedar rust which will not kill the tree.

Black Chokeberry

Aronia melanocarpa



Light Needs: Part Sun
Water Needs: Moist
Bloom Season: Summer
Bloom Color: White
Mature Size: 6-12'
Growth Rate: Slow

Deer Resistant

Black chokeberry is a tall, mounded shrub to 6' tall. Its May blooms are followed by juicy black fruits. The foliage turns a crimson red in the fall. It does sucker to form thickets, especially in its native habitat of moist streambanks. It is very adaptable to the garden and provides early pollinators with a food source and birds love the dogs. It is also used by humans. It prefers part shade though will tolerate more sun with more moisture.

American Hornbeam
Carpinus caroliniana



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun/Shade
Water Needs: Moist/Wet
Bloom Season: N/A
Bloom Color: N/A
Mature Height: 30-50'
Growth Rate: Slow

Deer Resistant

A wonderful small tree with lots of interest for the garden. It has a smooth sinewy trunk that gives it the name muscle wood. A native understory tree along streams and moist woods, it does work in the sunnier, drier conditions of our gardens. It can grow to 40' tall, blooms in April & May. The delicate leaves turn a golden yellow in the fall. It is the larval host for Eastern Tiger Swallowtail, Striped hairstreak, Red-spotted Purple, Tiger swallowtail butterflies.

Buttonbush
Cephalanthus occidentalis



Light Needs: Part Sun/Shade
Water Needs: Moist/Wet
Bloom Season: Summer/Fall
Bloom Color: White
Mature Height: 6-12'
Growth Rate: Fast

Buttonbush is a pollinator magnet that naturally grows in wet areas and also does very well in gardens. It is a well-rounded, glossy leaved shrub to 9' tall that has 1" globes of white flowers from mid-summer to early fall. The globes then ripen into reddish brown nutlets that often hang on the bush through the winter. It prefers sun though will grow in part shade to shade where it will produce fewer flowers.

Eastern Redbud
Cercis canadensis



Light Needs: Part Sun/Shade
Water Needs: Medium
Bloom Season: Spring
Bloom Color: Purple
Mature Size: 12-36'
Growth Rate: Moderate/Fast

Deer Resistant

A native evergreen to the MD coast it is spread by birds from gardens and can be found throughout our region. Its smooth gray trunks provide great contrast to the dark green leaves and red berries. Both male and female plants are needed for the berries to form on the female trees. The tree generally is 20-30'. It will grow in a wide variety of conditions including shade. It is used by many insects and wildlife including as a larval host for Henry's elfin butterfly. Bees use the nectar and pollen and birds love the fermented berries in late winter.

American Holly
Ilex opaca



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Moist
Bloom Season: N/A
Bloom Color: N/A
Mature Size: 30-50'
Growth Rate: Slow/Moderate

Deer Resistant

Spicebush

Lindera benzoin



Light Needs: Full Sun, Part Sun, Shade

Water Needs: Medium

Bloom Season: Spring

Bloom Color: Yellow

Mature Size: 6-12'

Growth Rate: Slow

Deer Resistant

Spicebush is a great replacement for forsythia, forming a yellow haze in the woods in March. It produces bright red berries that produce proteins and fats for migrating birds. The glossy green leaves turn a wonderful lemon yellow in the fall. It can grow to 12' tall. It prefers moist well drained soils and will grow in full sun to shade. Spicebush is the larval host for Eastern Tiger Swallowtail and Spicebush Swallowtail.

White Oak

Quercus alba



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun

Water Needs: Medium/Moist

Bloom Season: N/A

Bloom Color: N/A

Mature Height: 50-80'

Growth Rate: Slow/Moderate

Oaks are the best trees to plant for insects as they host over 500 species according to Doug Tallamay. White Oaks are one of the best! This long lived tree grown in the open will produce an elegantly spreading, rounded crown tree that can reach 100'. It will live over 300 years. It grows in a wide variety of conditions, does not like areas of shade or poor draining soils - other oaks tolerate those conditions. Large nut crops are produced every several years and are known as mast crops. The white oak group has rounded leaf lobes. Plant an Oak!

Chinkapin Oak

Quercus muehlenbergii



Light Needs: Full Sun

Water Needs: Moist/Wet

Bloom Season: N/A

Bloom Color: N/A

Mature Height: 30-50'

Growth Rate: Slow/Moderate

The chinkapin (chinquapin) oak is a bit smaller than the white oak, growing to 45-70', though can grow taller. It grows well in dry calcareous soils in sun and part shade. It is a fast-growing handsome tree that offers the same benefits to insects and wildlife as the white oak. Butterflies, insects, and birds including hummingbirds use these trees. It is a larval host to the gray hairstreak. It is in the white oak group. Plant an oak!

Virginia Rose

Rosa virginiana



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun

Water Needs: Dry/Medium

Bloom Season: Summer

Bloom Color: Pink

Mature Height: 4-6'

Growth Rate: Fast

This wonderful native rose can grow to 10' though is usually much shorter. It prefers part shade to shade and is found on the sides of woodland clearings and thickets. It will do fine in sun with enough moisture. It blooms in late May or June and is important for the bees. The hips are medium size and can be used by humans. Deer will browse it so plant native grasses around it to discourage the deer.

American Elderberry
Sambucus canadensis



Light Needs: Part Sun
Water Needs: Moist/Wet
Bloom Season: Summer
Bloom Color: White
Mature Height: 6-12'
Growth Rate: Moderate

A wonderful spreading shrub for early summer bloom (May-Jul) and summer fruit. The up to 12' arching graceful shrub does sprout runners that can be controlled by cutting. It prefers part shade though it does grow in sun with moisture. It is visited by pollinators and birds throughout the season. May require pruning to keep it thriving and looking good. Useful to humans as well as birds and pollinators.

Arrowwood Viburnum
Viburnum dentatum



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium
Bloom Season: Spring
Bloom Color: White
Mature Height: 6-12'
Growth Rate: Moderate

Arrowwood is a 6-8' multi-stemmed shrub with 3" roundish, toothed, dark green leaves that turn yellow to purple in the fall. The 2-4" inch flowerheads appear in May, followed by blue-black fruit in the fall. This shrub grows best in moist gardens with sun to full shade. It can produce suckers from the base, which can be transplanted or allowed to create a dense shrub. The flowers are important to pollinators, it is a larval host for the spring azure butterfly and the seeds are important for birds.

Deer Resistant

Winterthur Viburnum
Viburnum nudum 'Winterthur'



Light Needs: Full/Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium/Wet
Bloom Season: Spring
Bloom Color: White
Mature Height: 6-12'
Growth Rate: Moderate

Deer Resistant

Blackhaw Viburnum
Viburnum prunifolium



Light Needs: Part Sun
Water Needs: Medium
Bloom Season: Spring
Bloom Color: White
Mature Height: 6-12'
Growth Rate: Slow/Moderate

This arching shrub grows to 15' high and wide. It would be an excellent specimen for a small garden. It provides beautiful white heads of white flowers in April and May with blue black berries in the fall. The small glossy green leaves turn a deep maroon in the fall. It grows in moist to dry soils in sun to shade, though prefers part sun. This is an important shrub for birds and bees.

Deer Resistant